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# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product name	CLEAR SLOW ACTIVATOR	
Product code	2003	
Formula date	2019-01-25	
Recommended use	Hardener for professional use	
Responsible party	Pro Line Performance Products PO Box 1136 Olympia, WA 98507	
Telephone	Product information Medical emergency Transportation emergency	www.LumabaseCoatings.com 800-535-5053 800-535-5053

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Warning

#### **GHS-Classification**

Flammable liquids, Category 3 ; Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A ; Skin sensitisation, Category 1 ; Carcinogenicity, Category 2 ; Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure, Category 3

#### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols:



**Hazard statements:** Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.

**Precautionary statements:** Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/vapours/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label). If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

#### The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute toxicity:

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0 %

### **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Mixture of synthetic resins and solvents

#### Components

CAS-No.	Chemical name	Concentration
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	14.8%
28182-81-2	Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin	48 - 59%
540-88-5	T-butyl acetate	1 - 4%
64742-94-5	Aromatic hydrocarbon	26 - 37%
91-20-3	Naphthalene	2.3%
98-82-8	Cumene	0.6%

Any concentration shown as a range is due to batch variation. Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0% OSHA Hazardous: Yes

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye contact:** Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact:** Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation:** Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this safety data sheet (SDS) or product label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

**Inhalation:** May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

Ingestion: May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact:** May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact my cause skin sensitization.

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**Indication of Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed if necessary:** No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

### **5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media: Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons: High volume water jet

**Hazardous combustion products:** CO, CO2, smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are reported in "Composition, Information on Ingredients" section.

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Flammable liquid. Vapor/air mixture will burn when an ignition source is present.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures:** Full protective flameproof clothing should be worn as appropriate. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter public sewer systems or public waterways.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Procedures for cleaning up spills or leaks:** Ventilate area. Remove sources of ignition. Do not breathe vapors. Do not get in eyes or on skin. Wear a positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Pour liquid decontamination solution over the spill and allow to sit at least 10 minutes. Typical decontamination solutions for isocyanate containing materials are: 20% Surfactant (Tergitol TM 10) and 80% Water OR 0-10% Ammonia, 2-5% Detergent and Water (balance) Confine and remove with inert absorbent. Pressure can be generated. Do not seal waste containers for 48 hours to allow C02 to vent. After 48 hours, material may be sealed and disposed of properly.

**Environmental precautions:** Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Observe label precautions. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame, static discharge and other sources of ignition. VAPORS MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. Close container after each use. Ground containers when pouring. Do not transfer contents to bottles or unlabeled containers. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not store above 49 °C (120 °F). If material is a coating: do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with particulate filters or appropriate ventilation, and gloves. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Avoid formation of significant deposits of material as they may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds. Build up of fine material should be cleaned using gentle sweeping or vacuuming in accordance with best practices. Cleaning methods (e.g. compressed air) which can generate potentially combustible dust clouds should not be used.

**Advice on protection against fire and explosion:** Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air and will burn when an ignition source is present. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. The accumulation of contaminated rags may result in spontaneous combustion. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimize the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

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#### Storage

**Requirements for storage areas and containers:** Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Advice on common storage:** Store separately from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials, amines, alcohols and water. Precautions should be taken to avoid exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. Evolution of CO2 in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

**Additional information on storage conditions:** Precautions should be taken to avoid exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. Humid air and/or water will produce carbon dioxide which will pressurize the container. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.

OSHA/NFPA Storage Classification: IC

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls and work practices: Provide adequate ventilation.

#### National occupational exposure limits

CAS-No.	Chemical name	Source Time	Туре	Value	Note
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	ACGIH 15 min ACGIH 8 hr OSHA 8 hr	n STEL TWA TWA	75 ppm 20 ppm 100 ppm	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	ACGIH ACGIH 8 hr OSHA 8 hr	CEIL TWA TWA	15 ppm 10 ppm 10 ppm	Skin Skin
540-88-5	T-butyl acetate	ACGIH 8 hr OSHA 8 hr	TWA TWA	200 ppm 200 ppm	
98-82-8	Cumene	ACGIH 8 hr OSHA 8 hr	TWA TWA	50 ppm 50 ppm	Skin

#### Glossary

CEIL Ceiling exposure limit

STEL Short term exposure limit

TL Threshold limits

TLV Threshold Limit Value

TWA Time weighted average

TWAE Time-Weighted Average

Protective equipment: Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection:** Do not breathe vapors or mists. Wear a positive-pressure, supplied air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C), while mixing activator with paint, during application and until all vapors and spray mists are exhausted. Follow respirator manufacturers directions for respirator use. Do not permit anyone without protection in the painting area. Refer to the hardener/activator label instructions for further information. Individuals with history of lung or breathing problems or prior reaction to isocyanates should not use or be exposed to vapor or spray mist.

**Eye protection:** Desirable in all industrial situations. Goggles are preferred to prevent eye irritation. If safety glasses are substituted, include splash guard or side shields.

Skin and body protection: Neoprene gloves and coveralls are recommended.

**Hygiene measures:** Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Environmental exposure controls:** Do not let product enter drains.

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For ecological information, refer to Ecological Information Section 12.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### Appearance

Form: liquid Colour: clear

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Flash point	80°F	
Lower Explosive Limit	0.6 %	
Upper Explosive Limit	8 %	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Vapor pressure of principal solvent	5.4 hPa	
Water solubility	partly miscible	
Vapor density of principal solvent (Air = 1)	4.8	
Approx. Boiling Range	114 °C	
Approx. Freezing Range	-84 – -20 °C	
Gallon Weight (lbs/gal)	8.2	
Specific Gravity	0.98	
Percent Volatile By Volume	58.57%	
Percent Volatile By Weight	51.06%	
Percent Solids By Volume	41.43%	
Percent Solids By Weight	48.94%	
pH (waterborne systems only)	Not applicable	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available	
Ignition temperature	445°C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.	
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993
VOC* less exempt (lbs/gal)	4.2	
VOC* as packaged (lbs/gal)	4.2	
VOC LE (TBAC)	4.0	
VOC AP (TBAC)	3.9	

\* VOC less exempt (theoretical) and VOC as packaged (theoretical) are based upon the VOC of the packaged material at the point of manufacture.

TBAC is not universally recognized as an exempt solvent.

Users should consult the applicable regulations for their region.

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### Stability: Stable

Conditions to avoid: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid:** Keep away from oxidizing agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO2. Evolution of CO2 in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

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Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

**Sensitivity to Static Discharge:** Solvent vapors in air may explode if static grounding and bonding is not used during transfer of this product.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: None known.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation:** May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

Ingestion: May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact:** May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition: 0 %

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Methyl isobutyl ketone	Category 2A
T-butyl acetate	Category 2A
Cumene	Category 2B

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin Category 1

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

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#### Carcinogenicity

Naphthalene Category 2 Cumene Category 2

#### Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

• Inhalation

Respiratory system Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE), etc. ): No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

#### Whether the hazardous chemical is listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA:

Methyl isobutyl ketone	IARC 2B
Naphthalene	IARC 2B
Naphthalene	NTP Anticipated
Cumene	IARC 2B

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste Disposal Method:** Do not allow material to contaminate ground water systems. Incinerate or otherwise dispose of waste material in accordance with Federal, State, Provincial, and local requirements. Do not incinerate in closed containers.

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## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### International transport regulations

<b>IMDG (Sea transport)</b> UN number: Proper shipping name:	1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group: Marine Pollutant: EmS:	3 Not applicable. III yes [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.] F-E,S-E
<b>ICAO/IATA (Air transpor</b> UN number: Proper shipping name:	1263
Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group:	3 Not applicable. III
<b>DOT</b> UN number: Proper shipping name:	1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Harand Classe	0

Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	yes [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]

The transport information is for bulk shipments. Exceptions may apply for smaller containers.

**Matters needing attention for transportation:** Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**TSCA Status:** In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

**DSL Status:** All components of the mixture are listed on the DSL.

Photochemical Reactivity: Photochemically reactive

**Regulatory information:** 

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				— EI	PCRA -		CER	CLA CAA	
CAS # Ingre	edient	302	TPQ	RQ	311/3	312 313	RQ	(lbs) HAP	
28182-81-2	Aliphatic polyisocya	nate	Ν	NR	NR	A,C,R	Ν	NR	Ν
	resin								
64742-94-5	Aromatic hydrocarb	on	Ν	NR	NR	Α	Ν	NR	Ν
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl keto	ne	Ν	NR	NR	A,C,F	Y	5,000	Y
91-20-3	Naphthalene		Ν	NR	NR	A,C,F	Y	100	Y
540-88-5	T-butyl acetate		Ν	NR	NR	A,C,F	Ν	NR	Ν
98-82-8	Cumene		Ν	NR	NR	A,C,F	Y	NR	Y

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### HMIS rating: H: 2 ; F: 3 ; R: 1

#### **Glossary of Terms**

ACGIH | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer.
- NTP National Toxicology Program.
- OEL Occupational Exposure Limit
- OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
- STEL Short term exposure limit
- TWA | Time-weighted average.
- PNOR Particles not otherwise regulated.
- PNOC Particles not otherwise classified.

EPCRA	Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-know Act (aka Title III, SARA)		
302	Extremely hazardous substances		
311/312 Categories	F = Fire HazardA = Acute HazardR = Reactivity HazardC = Chronic HazardP = Pressure Related Hazard		
313 Information	Section 313 Supplier Notification - The chemicals listed above with a 'Y' in the 313 column are subject to reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.		
CERCLA	Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980.		
HAP	Listed as a Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant.		
TPQ	Threshold Planning Quantity.		
RQ	Reportable Quantity		
NA	not available		
NR	not regulated		

NOTE: The list (above) of glossary terms may be modified.

Information is accurate and subject to change as new information is received.

The information on this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

SDS Prepared by Regulatory Affairs

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#### **Report version**

Version: 1.0 Changes: Revision Date: 2019-03-05