SAFETY DATA SHEET

LV Effect Red

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: LV Effect Red
Product code	: LV107
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not applicable.

Supplier's details	: ProLine Performance Products PO Box 1136 Olympia, WA 98507
Emergency telephone number (with hours of	: 800-535-5053

operation)

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

|--|

Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignitian sources. No smaking the explosion proof electrical wortilating or lighting of the explosion proof electrical wortilating of the electrical wortilating of the explosion proof electrical wortilating of the electric

: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
4-CHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	≥25 - ≤50	CAS: 98-56-6	
ACETONE	≤11	CAS: 67-64-1	
METHYL ACETATE	≤5	CAS: 79-20-9	
HEAVY MINERAL SPIRITS	≤1.6	CAS: 64741-65-7	
BUTYL ACETATE	≤1.2	CAS: 123-86-4	
METHYL PYRROLIDONE	<1	CAS: 872-50-4	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are required to be classified as hazardous to health or the environment under the reporting requirements for this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	t aid measures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/	
Potential acute health effe	—
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sym	otoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	5 :	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for c	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local

Section 7. Handling and storage

regulations.

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene		None.
acetone		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)
		TWA 10 hours: 250 ppm.
		TWA 10 hours: 590 mg/m ³ .
		CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		STEL 15 minutes: 1780 mg/m ³ .
		STEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm.
		C: 3000 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 1200 mg/m ³ .
		TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 2400 mg/m ³ .
		OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)
		TWA 8 hours: 750 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 1800 mg/m ³ .
		STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 2400 mg/m ³ .
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4.
		TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm.
nethyl acetate		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)
nongi doctato		TWA 10 hours: 200 ppm.
		TWA 10 hours: 610 mg/m^3 .
		STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 760 mg/m ³ .
		CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		STEL 15 minutes: 760 mg/m^3 .
		STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 610 mg/m ³ .
		TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 610 mg/m ³ .
		OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)
		TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 610 mg/m ³ .
		STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 760 mg/m ³ .
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	Date of previous issue	: 12/26/2024 Version : 6

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	T14/4 0 L
	TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 606 mg/m ³ .
	STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 757 mg/m ³ .
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	None.
n-butyl acetate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)
	TWA 10 hours: 150 ppm.
	TWA 10 hours: 710 mg/m ³ .
	STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m ³ .
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m ³ .
	STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m ³ .
	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m ³ .
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)
	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m ³ .
	STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m ³ .
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl
	acetates]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
NI Mathail as maile a	
N-Methyl pyrrolidone	OARS WEEL (United States, 6/2024)
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 15 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 120 mg/m ³ .
	STEL 15 minutes: 30 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 60 mg/m ³ .
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 4 mg/m ³ .
	TWA 8 hours: 1 ppm.
	I VVA 8 nours: 1 ppm.

Appropriate engineering controls	other eng recomme vapor or o	with adequate ventilation. ineering controls to keep winded or statutory limits. The dust concentrations below a n equipment.	orker exposure to ai	rborne contaminants bel ols also need to keep ga	ow any s,
Environmental exposure controls	they com cases, fu	s from ventilation or work p ply with the requirements o me scrubbers, filters or eng cessary to reduce emissior	f environmental prote gineering modification	ection legislation. In son ns to the process equipn	ne
Individual protection measur	es				
Hygiene measures	eating, sr Appropria Wash coi	nds, forearms and face tho noking and using the lavato ate techniques should be us ntaminated clothing before are close to the workstation	ory and at the end of sed to remove potent reusing. Ensure tha	the working period. tially contaminated clothi	ng.
Eye/face protection	assessmo gases or	ewear complying with an a ent indicates this is necess dusts. If contact is possible sment indicates a higher d	ary to avoid exposure e, the following prote	e to liquid splashes, mist ction should be worn, ur	ts, nless
Skin protection					
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/27/2025	Date of previous issue	: 12/26/2024	Version : 6	6/14

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand much offen	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Pearl.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Technically not possible to measure
Boiling point	: 56 to 139.1°C (132.8 to 282.4°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: -6.667°C (20°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 12.8%
Vapor pressure	: 4 kPa (29.79 mm Hg)
Vapor density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.253 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	:

cold water	Soluble
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 355°C (671°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Media

Result

7/14

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Chemical stability : The product is stable. Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should	Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
reactions Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should	Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should	-	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
oxidizing materials Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should	Conditions to avoid	
	Incompatible materials	
	· · · ·	

Section 11. Toxicological information

~	
Information on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity	
Product/ingredient name	Result
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Rat - Oral - LD50
	13 g/kg
acetone	Rat - Oral - LD50
	5800 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including change in
	righting reflex) Behavioral - Tremor
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	2001 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	21 mg/l [4 hours]
methyl acetate	Rat - Oral - LD50
	>5 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
n-butyl acetate	>5 g/kg Rat - Oral - LD50
II-Duly acetale	10768 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed
	activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver -
	Other changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	>17600 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	21.1 mg/l [4 hours]
N-Methyl pyrrolidone	Rat - Oral - LD50
	3914 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	8 g/kg
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not ava	ilable.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Product/ingredient name	Result
-	

Section 11. Toxicologica	armormation
acetone	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
	<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 395 mg
methyl acetate	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
	<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 500 mg
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	<u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 20 mg Mammal - species unspecified - Skin - Moderate irritant
Naphina (peroleani), neavy alkylate	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	
Product/ingredient name	Result
acetone	Human - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 186300 ppm Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 10 uL
	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
	<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg
methyl acetate	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
	<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 100 mg
N-Methyl pyrrolidone	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory corrosion/irritation	
Not available.	
Conclusion (Summer JDroduct)	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Not available.	
Skin	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
4-chloro-α,α,α- trifluorotoluene	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
4-chloro- α , α , α -trifluorotoluene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
acetone	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
methyl acetate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
n-butyl acetate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
N-Methyl pyrrolidone	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient nameResultNaphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylateASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/27/2025	Date of previous issue	: 12/26/2024	Version : 6	10/14
--------------------------------	-------------	------------------------	--------------	-------------	-------

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.				
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.			

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GH1023 RED XIRALLIC	N/A	18509.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
acetone	5800	2001	N/A	21	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	21.1	N/A
N-Methyl pyrrolidone	3914	8000	N/A	N/A	N/A

via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΑΤΑΙ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3		3
Packing group	11	II	11	11	П
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

Additional information		
DOT Classification	:	Reportable quantity 46251 lbs / 20997.9 kg [4427 gal / 16758.1 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).
IMDG	1	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according	:	Not available.

to IMO instruments

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

Section 15. Regulatory information

TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
SARA 304 RQ	: 18865294.7 lbs / 8564843.8 kg [1805740.1 gal / 6835469.9 L]
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	aluminium oxide, fibrous	1344-28-1	≤10
Supplier notification	aluminium oxide, fibrous	1344-28-1	≤10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Inventory list Canada

: At least one component is not listed.

United States

- : All components are listed or exempted.
- Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Section 16. Other information

Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a quideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 5/27/2025
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/27/2025
Date of previous issue	: 12/26/2024
Version	: 6
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

References

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.