# SAFETY DATA SHEET

2:1 DTM Etch Primer Activator

### Section 1. Identification

**GHS** product identifier : 2:1 DTM Etch Primer Activator

: LV91 **Product code** 

Other means of : Not available. identification

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details : ProLine Performance Products

PO Box 1136

: 800-535-5053

Olympia, WA 98507

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

#### **GHS** label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 









Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage Disposal

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
N-BUTYL ALCOHOL ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL HEPTANE ACETONE PHOSPHORIC ACID TOLUENE	≥25 - ≤49 ≥25 - ≤50 ≥10 - ≤25 ≤10 <5 ≤3	CAS: 71-36-3 CAS: 67-63-0 CAS: 142-82-5 CAS: 67-64-1 CAS: 7664-38-2 CAS: 108-88-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are required to be classified as hazardous to health or the environment under the reporting requirements for this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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### Section 4. First aid measures

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

# Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides

# Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Normal butyl alcohol	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm. CEIL: 150 mg/m³. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) Absorbed through skin. C: 150 mg/m³. C: 50 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m³. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm. CEIL: 50 ppm. CEIL: 150 mg/m³. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
Isopropyl alcohol	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 400 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 980 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1225 mg/m³. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) STEL 15 minutes: 1225 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 980 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 980 mg/m³. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1225 mg/m³. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**HEPTANE** NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 85 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. CEIL 15 minutes: 440 ppm. CEIL 15 minutes: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) STEL 15 minutes: 2000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 2000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Heptane] TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1640 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 2050 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. acetone NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 250 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) STEL 15 minutes: 1780 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm. C: 3000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2400 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 750 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 2400 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) Phosphoric acid aqueous solution, 35 to 85 % TWA 10 hours: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) STEL 15 minutes: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) toluene TWA 10 hours: 100 ppm.

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TWA 10 hours: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 560 mg/m³.

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013)

TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. CEIL: 300 ppm.

AMP 10 minutes: 500 ppm.

CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 560 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

C: 500 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 37 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 560 mg/m³.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4.

Ototoxicant.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

**Skin protection**Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Yellow.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point: Technically not possible to measureBoiling point: 56 to 119°C (132.8 to 246.2°F)Flash point: Closed cup: 3.056°C (37.5°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%

Vapor pressure : 4.6 kPa (34.17 mm Hg)

**Vapor density** : Not available. **Density** : 0.804 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

 Media
 Result

 cold water
 Soluble

Solubility in water
Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

: Not available.: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

: 285°C (545°F): Not applicable.

Viscosity

: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

acetone

Product/ingredient name Result

Normal butyl alcohol Rat - Oral - LD50

790 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Fatty liver degeneration Kidney, Ureter, and

Bladder - Other changes Blood - Other changes

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

3400 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

24000 mg/m³ [4 hours]

Isopropyl alcohol Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

12800 mg/kg **Rat - Oral - LD50** 5000 mg/kg

<u>Toxic effects</u>: Behavioral - General anesthetic **Rat - Male, Female - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor** 

37.5 mg/l [4 hours]

OECD 403

HEPTANE Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

103 g/m<sup>3</sup> [4 hours]

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.

48000 ppm [4 hours] **Rat - Oral - LD50** 

5800 ma/ka

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including change in

righting reflex) Behavioral - Tremor

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

2001 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

21 mg/l [4 hours] Rat - Oral - LD50

Phosphoric acid aqueous solution, 35 to 85 % Rat - C

1.25 g/kg

Toxic effects: Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Acute pulmonary

edema Liver - Changes in liver weight

toluene Rat - Dermal - TDLo

26.4 mg/kg

<u>Toxic effects</u>: Skin After systemic exposure - Dermatitis, irritative Metabolism (intermediary) - Effect on inflammation or mediation

of inflammation **Rat - Oral - LD50**5001 mg/kg

Rat - Dermal - LD50

5001 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

49 g/m3 [4 hours]

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

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acetone

toluene

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Normal butyl alcohol Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 20 mg

Isopropyl alcohol Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 395 mg

Pig - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 250 uL

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 435 mg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

Normal butyl alcohol Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 2 mg **Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant** 

Amount/concentration applied: 0.005 MI

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 1.62 mg
Rabbit - Eyes - Cornea opacity
OECD [Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion]

Observation period: 7 days Irritation score: 2.11

Not reversible

Isopropyl alcohol Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 100 mg **Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant** <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 10 mg **Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant** Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

**Human - Eyes - Mild irritant** 

Amount/concentration applied: 186300 ppm

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 10 uL

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 0.1 MI

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

**Respiratory corrosion/irritation** 

Not available.

acetone

toluene

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Isopropyl alcohol	-	3	-
toluene	-	3	-

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

Normal butyl alcohol SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Isopropyl alcohol SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

HEPTANE SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

acetone SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

toluene SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

toluene SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

### **Aspiration hazard**

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name Resul

HEPTANE ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 toluene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Result

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**General**: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
T-36168 ACID CONVERTER	1727.3	6295.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Normal butyl alcohol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A
Isopropyl alcohol	5000	12800	N/A	37.5	N/A
HEPTANE	N/A	N/A	48000	103	N/A
acetone	5800	2001	N/A	21	N/A
Phosphoric acid aqueous solution, 35 to 85 %	1250	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5001	5001	N/A	49	N/A

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses waterways.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL				

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# Section 14. Transport information

Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	П	II	II	Ш	II
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

### **Additional information**

**DOT Classification** 

: This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. Reportable quantity 12737.6 lbs / 5782.9 kg [1900.1 gal / 7192.6 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

**TDG Classification** 

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

**IMDG IATA** 

- : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

### TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** 

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

> ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 **TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2**

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

**SARA 313** 

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2:1 DTM Etch Primer Activator

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements		71-36-3 108-88-3	≥25 - ≤49 ≤3
Supplier notification		71-36-3 108-88-3	≥25 - ≤49 ≤3

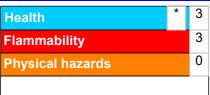
SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### **Inventory list**

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.
United States : All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** 



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

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### Section 16. Other information

**Key to abbreviations** 

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

**UN = United Nations** 

References

: Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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